



Map Source: Iowa Department of Natural Resources, "Natural Resources Geographic Information Systems Library," <http://www.igsb.uiowa.edu/nrgislib/>.

Settlement Patterns

During the 1800s, state atlases were one of the most underdeveloped branches of American cartography. Responding to that need, an entrepreneur named Alfred Andreas joined a group of former military associates to canvass and map counties in the state of Illinois. Using the experience he gained in Illinois, Andreas devised a plan to earn more money from mapping by subdividing the counties into smaller areas and producing more detailed maps. This idea led to Andreas' production of the Illustrated Historical Atlas of the State of Iowa – 1875, which had nearly 23,000 subscribers.

The historic atlas depicts useful information such as administrative boundaries, transportation routes, forest coverage, water bodies, cities, rural family settlements, and so on. Overlaying present-day city boundaries on Andreas atlas map reveals how far the city has expanded laterally over time. As with the historic vegetation map, map overlays can be used to reveal where remnant vegetative communities may still exist in the region.

Kalona

Settlement Patterns

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