

Depth to Water Table

The water table is defined as the level below which the ground is saturated with water. The water table generally mimics surface topography, but there are differences depending on localized conditions such as the permeability and porosity of soils and depth to bedrock. Depth to water table is represented as a range because it varies due to seasonal changes and precipitation volumes. For example, following spring snow-melt an area with a depth to water table ranging from one foot to three feet is likely to be at or near one foot depth. Impermeable layers such as concrete also affect the depth to water table by preventing precipitation from infiltrating into the soil which could result in a lowered water table.





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